

High Dynamic-Range Software-Defined Radio Front-Ends for Interference Mitigation in Future RF to mm-Wave Wireless Networks

Negar Reiskarimian

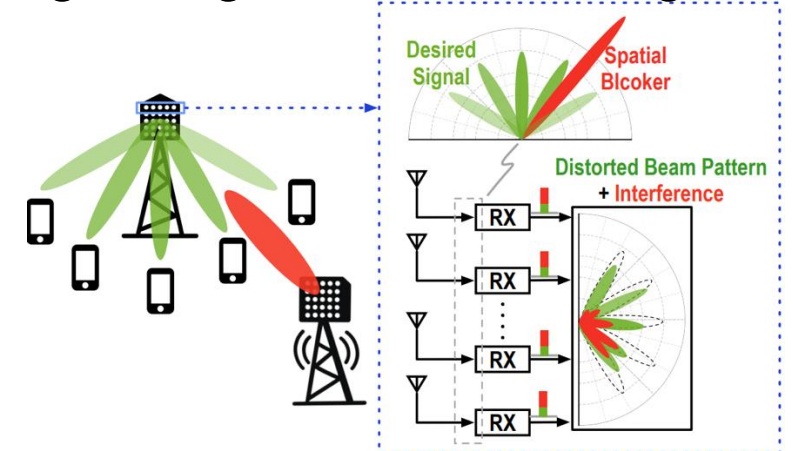
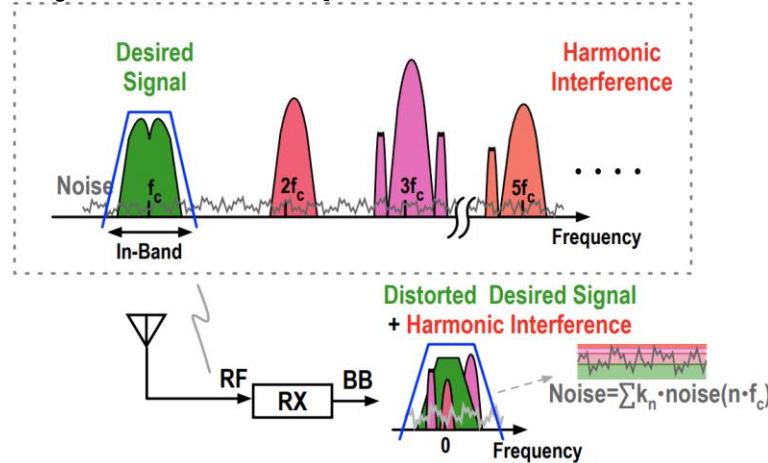
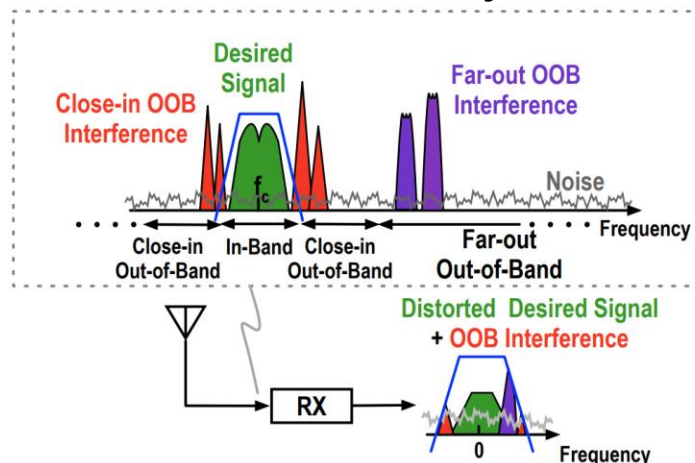
Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

[http://radiuslab.mit.edu/
negarr@mit.edu](http://radiuslab.mit.edu/negarr@mit.edu)



Project Objective

- Investigating RF to mm-wave silicon CMOS radio front-ends with **high dynamic range with respect to various types of interference**
- Enabling interference detection, mitigation, and hardware adaptation for improved system operation in shared, congested, and contested spectrum bands.
- Thrust I: Sub-Milliwatt Harmonic-Resilient Front-Ends
- Thrust II: Highly-Selective Harmonic-Resilient Front-Ends
- Thrust III: Widely-Tunable Highly-Linear Spatial Notch Filtering in Digital Beamforming Arrays

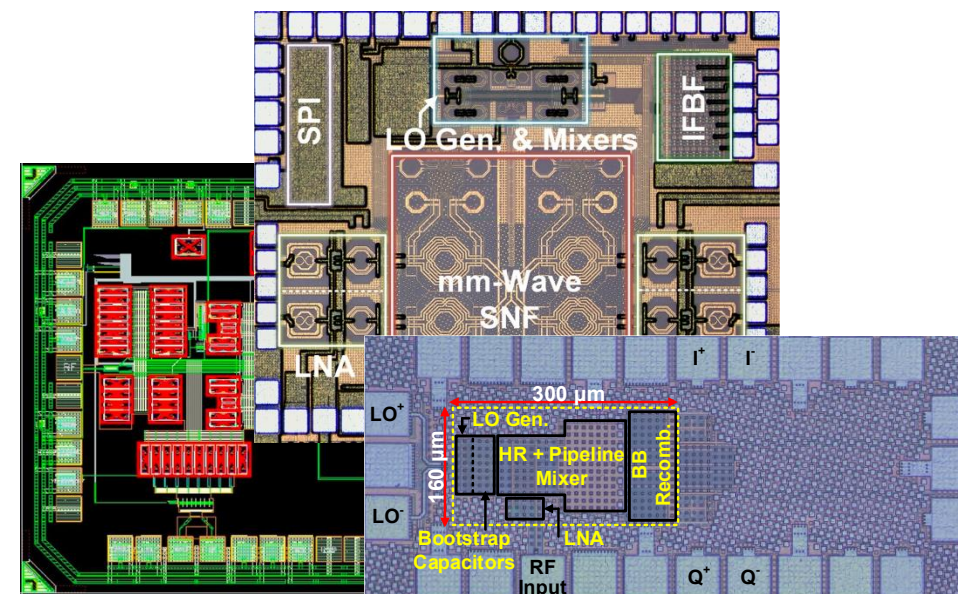
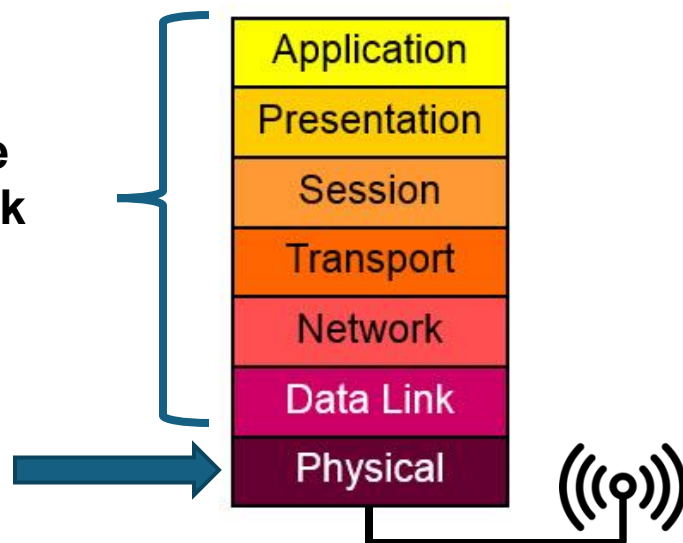


Project Significance

- Introducing novel wireless software-defined radio technologies **to build interference-agnostic systems**
- This includes bringing the interference mitigation as close to the antenna as possible
- An interference-immune physical layer simplifies the design of higher layers in the stack
- Different use cases, from low-power IoT devices to high-performance communication systems, are considered across FR1 and FR3

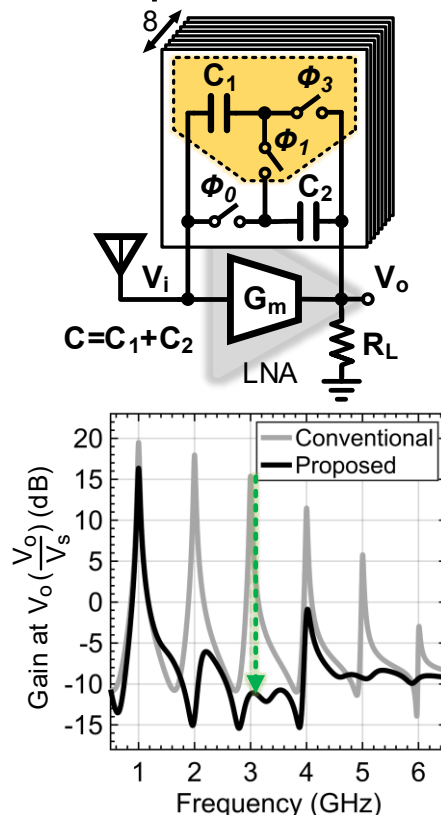
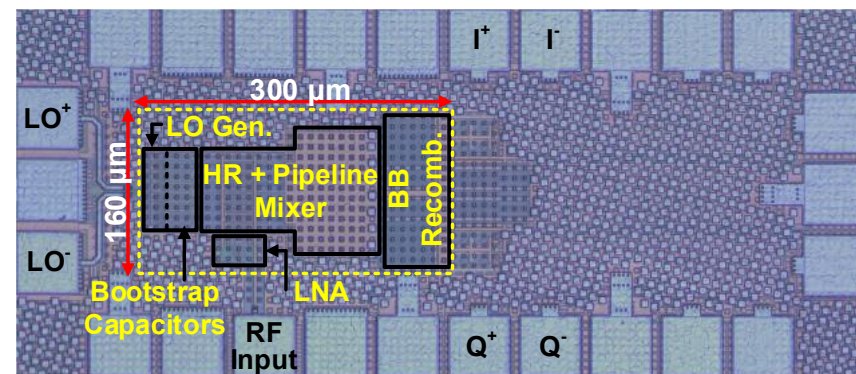
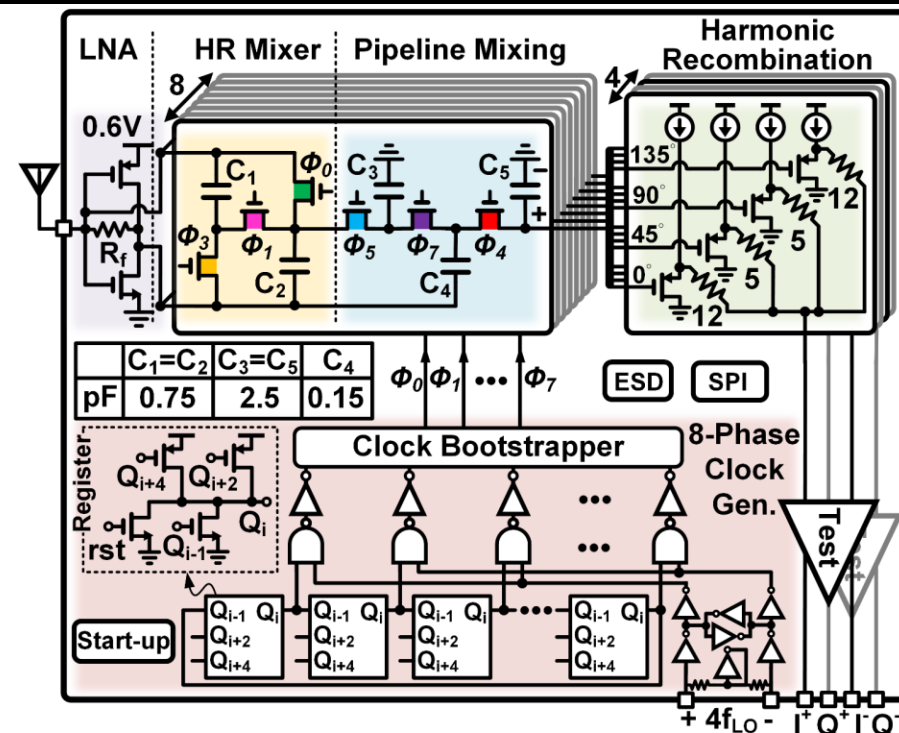
Less restrictions for the design of the upper stack

Target point for interference mitigation

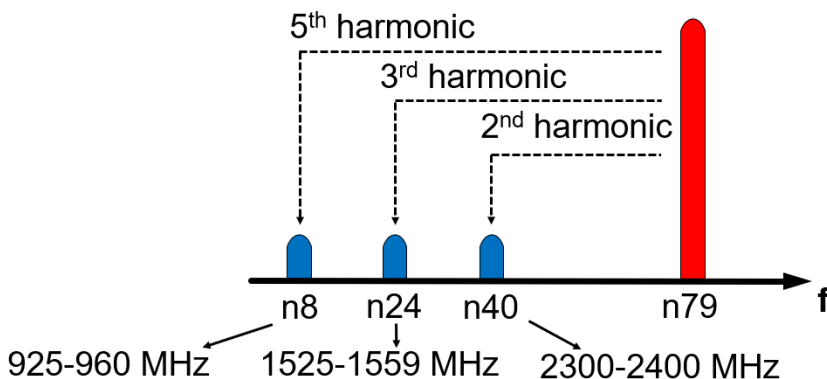


Key Findings – Thrust I

- Developed and designed a low-power receiver that provides **>60dB** of harmonic interference rejection, with **>+30dBm** IB IIP3 for $3/5f_{LO}$ blockers.
- Achieves $\sim 20\text{dB}$ of harmonic rejection right at the antenna
- Tolerates up to -3dBm of harmonic blocker power, for $<1\text{mW}$ static power



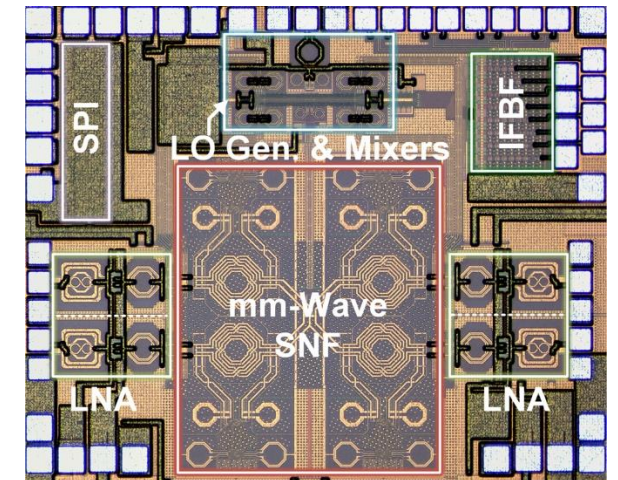
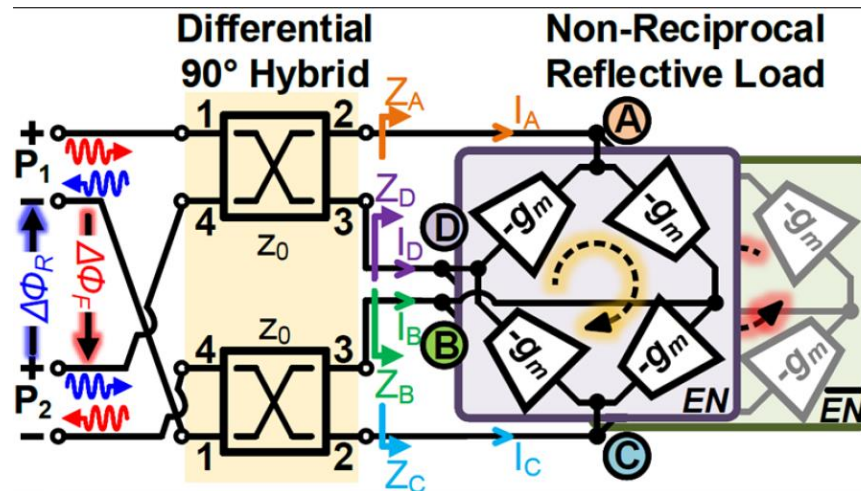
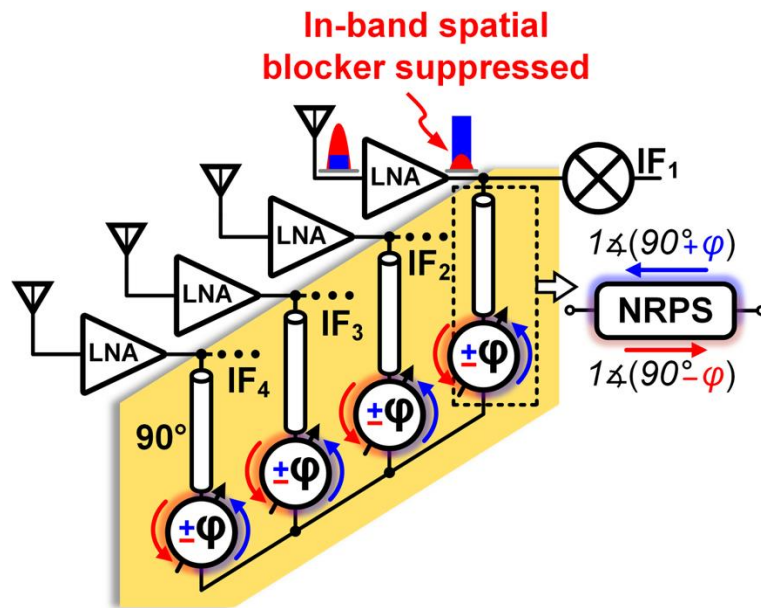
Victim Bands
Aggressor Band
4400-5000 MHz



[Araei, IEEE RFIC 2025]

Key Findings – Thrust III

- Implemented at 27-31GHz, this work has shown state-of-the-art linearity performance with respect to spatial blockers
- FR3 is already in use by commercial satellite services and new spectrum allocations for cellular networks in this band can cause significant interference
- In this project, this technology will be demonstrated in FR3 bands along with dynamic adaptation strategies

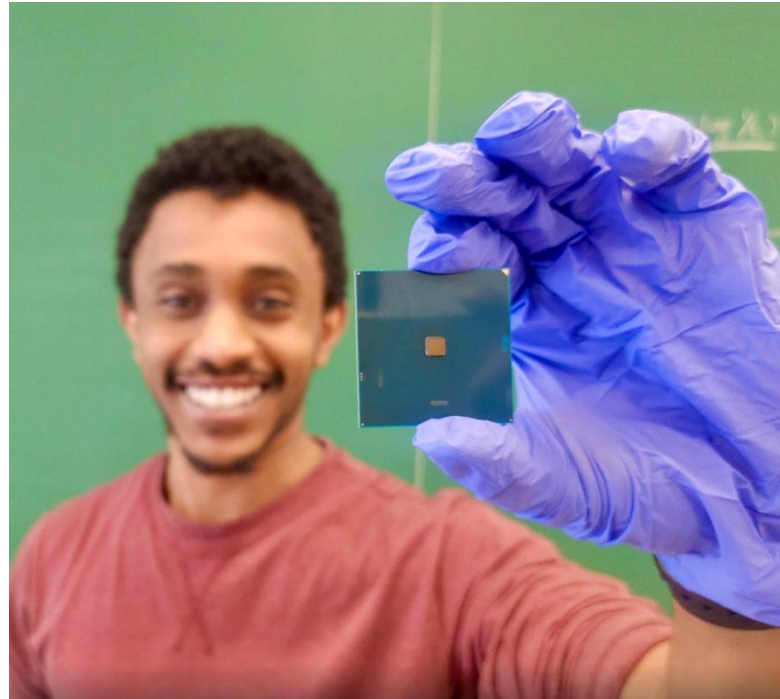


Proposed Spatial Notch Filter

[Mohin, IEEE RFIC 2024, Best Student Paper Award – 1st place]

Broader Impacts

- One graduate students, a summer intern through MIT Summer Research Program and an undergraduate UROP student currently/previously involved in this project.
- PI to present an hour-long tutorial on “Interference Mitigation Techniques in Wireless Communication Systems” at IEEE ISSCC 2026.
- Curriculum development to incorporate research findings into course material
- Hands on demos targeting high school students.



[A student of MIT 6.2080 course holding his fabricated IC]